Grand Test - SPP 190327



## **SBI PO Preliminary** Grand Test – SPP-190327 HINTS & SOLUTIONS

ANSWER KEY						
	1. (5)	21. (1)	41. (1)	61.(2)	81. (3)	
	2. (4)	22. (4)	42. (3)	62.(2)	82. (5)	
	3. (2)	23. (2)	43. (2)	63.(1)	83. (4)	
	4. (4)	24. (3)	44. (4)	64.(4)	84. (5)	
	5. (1)	25. (2)	45. (1)	65.(5)	85. (2)	
	6. (2)	26. (4)	46. (3)	66. (4)	86.(3)	
	7. (3)	27. (2)	47. (2)	67. (5)	87.(2)	
	8. (1)	28. (1)	48. (4)	68. (3)	88.(1)	1
	9. (2)	29. (1)	49. (5)	69. (2)	89.(3)	ŝ
	10. (3)	30. (3)	50. (3)	70. (1)	90.(4)	1
	11. (1)	31. (1)	51. <b>(5)</b>	71. (2)	91. (2)	
	12. (4)	32. (4)	52. (3)	72. (3)	92. (1)	
	13. (3)	33. (2)	53. (5)	73. (1)	93. (4)	
	14. (2)	34. (5)	54. (4)	74. (2)	94. (1)	
	15. (2)	35. (2)	55. (5)	75. (5)	95. (2)	
	16. (5)	36. (2)	56. (4)	76. (4)	96. (5)	0
	17. (1)	37. (5)	57. (2)	77. (2)	97. (4)	
	18. (3)	38. (3)	58. (1)	78. (5)	98. (5)	1
	19. (5)	39. (3)	59. (3)	79. (1)	99. (3)	k
	20. (2)	40. (1)	60. (1)	80. (1)	100. (5)	

## **HINTS & SOLUTIONS**

- 1. (5) No correction required
- 2. (4) Whatever the reasons
- 3. (2) like being transported4. (4) have paid little heed
- 5. (1) cannot wish away
- 6. (2)
- 7. (3)
- 8. (1)
- 9. (2) 10. (3)
- 11. (1) Only A
- 12. (4) All A, B and C
- 13. (3) The report mentioning that only a small percentage of graduates were employable in software Industry
- 14. (2) The commercialisation of education has already started in India
- 15. (2) Creation of autonomous institutes for management and technology which were not under university control
  16. (5) All are true

17. (1) The meaning of the word Devious (Adjective) as used in the passage is : behaving in a dishonest or indirect way, or tricking people in order to get something; deceitful; underhand.

Look at the sentence :

He got rich by devious means. Hence, the words devious and dishonest are synonymous.

18. (3) The meaning of the word Measure (Noun) as used in the passage is : an official action that is done in order to achieve a particular aim; step.
 Look at the sentence :

The government must take tough measures to combat crime.

- Hence, the words measures and steps are synonymous.
- The meaning of the word Promote (Verb) as used in the passage is : to help some-thing to happen or develop; encourage.

The word Hamper (Verb) means : to prevent somebody from easily doing or achieving something; hinder.

Hence, the words promoting and hampering are antonymous.

20. (2) The meaning of the word Noteworthy (Adjective) as used in the passage is : deserving to be noticed or to receive attention because it is important; significant. Hence, the words noteworthy and insignificant are antonymous.

- 27. (2) 28. (1)
- 29. (1) 30. (3)

21. (1) 22. (4) 23. (2) 24. (3) 25. (2) 26. (4)

19. (5)

- 31. (1) The pattern is :
  - $6 \times 3 3 = 18 3 = 15$   $15 \times 3 - 3 = 45 - 3 = 42 \neq 46$   $42 \times 3 - 3 = 126 - 3 = 123$   $123 \times 3 - 3 = 369 - 3 = 366$ 
    - 366 x 3 3 = 1098 3 = 1095
- 32. (4) The pattern is:  $8 \times 2 + 8 = 16 + 8 = 24$   $24 \times 2 + 8 = 16 + 8 = 56$   $56 \times 2 + 8 = 112 + 8 = 120$   $120 \times 2 + 8 = 240 + 8 = 248$   $\neq 348$   $248 \times 2 + 8 = 496 + 8 = 504$ 
  - 504 x 2 + 8 = 1008 + 8 = 1016
- 33. (2) The pattern is :  $138 + 1^2 = 138 + 1 = 139$   $139 + 2^2 = 139 + 4 = 143$   $\neq 145$  $143 + 3^2 = 143 + 9 = 152$

## () RACE Grand Test – SPP 190327 $152 + 4^2 = 152 + 16 = 168$ $\Rightarrow x = 8, -\frac{11}{2} \left\lceil x \neq -\frac{11}{2} \right\rceil$ $168 + 5^2 = 168 + 25 = 193$ Speed of boat = 8 km/ł $193 + 6^2 = 193 + 36 = 229$ Let Ravi Speed = x 38. (3) The pattern is : 34. (5) Ajay speed = x + 40.5 x 1+ 10 = 0.5 + 10 = 10.5 Distance covered by Ajay= 60 + 12 = 7210.5 x 2 + 10 = 21 + 10 = 31 Distance covered by Ravi = 60 - 12 = 48 31 x 3 + 10 = 93 + 10 = 103 According to question, 103 x 4 + 10 = 412 + 10 = 422 $\frac{72}{x+4} = \frac{48}{x} \Longrightarrow x = 8 \text{ km/hr.}$ 422 x 5 + 10 = 2110 + 10 = 2120 ≠ 2220 Milk in First vessel = $\frac{5}{9}$ 2120 x 6 + 10 = 12720 + 10 = 12730 39. (3) 35. (2) The pattern is : $\frac{477-3}{2} = \frac{474}{2} = 237 \neq 227$ Milk in second vessel = $\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{237-3}{2} = \frac{234}{2} = 117$ Milk in resultant mixture = $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{117-3}{2} = \frac{114}{2} = 57$ $\frac{57-3}{2} = \frac{54}{2} = 27$ $\frac{27-3}{2} = \frac{24}{2} = 12$ Let the speed of boat in still water be u km/hr and speed 36. (2) 2 5 10of the current be v km/hr. Required ratio = 4 : 5. Rate downstream = (u + v) km/hr, 40.(1) A can complete the work in $3 \times 30 = 90$ hrs. Rate upstream = (u - v)km/hr. B can complete the work in $4 \times 18 = 72$ hrs. Let the distance covered in each case x km. Then, (A + B)'s 1 hour work = $\frac{1}{72} + \frac{1}{90} = \frac{5+4}{360} = \frac{9}{360} = \frac{1}{40}$ 2x = x(u+v) u-vSo, (A + B) can complete the work in 40 hours. $\Rightarrow 2(u - v) = (u + v) \Rightarrow u = 3v$ As they work 10 hours every day, they will complete the $\Rightarrow \frac{u}{v} = \frac{3}{1}$ work in $\frac{40}{10} = 4$ days 37. (5) Let speed of boat B = x km/h and speed of boat A = (x -Male Engineers + Male Designers 2) km/h = 40% of (18% of 10500) + 35% of 16% of 10500) Therefore required ratio Therefore speed of current $=\left(\frac{x-2}{3}\right)$ km/h = (40 × 18) + (65 × 16) : (60 × 18) + (35 × 16) = (720 + 1040) : (1080 + 560) = 1760 : 1640 = 44 : 41. Now according to the question $\frac{20}{(x-2) + \frac{(x-2)}{3}} = \frac{20}{x + \frac{x-2}{3}} + \frac{30}{60}$ Required % = $\frac{19}{21} \times 100 \approx 90\%$ 42. (3) 43.(2) Female professionals = 10500 (20% of 21% + 60% of 18% + 40% of 11% $\frac{20 \times 3}{3x - 6 + x - 2} = \frac{20 \times 3}{3x + x - 2} + \frac{1}{2}$ + 80% of 15% + 40% of 19% + 35% of 16%) = 4683. $\frac{60}{4x-8} = \frac{60}{4x-2} = \frac{1}{2}$ Male = 10500 - 4683 = 5817 Difference = 5817 - 4683 = 1134. $\frac{15}{x-2} - \frac{30}{2x-1} = \frac{1}{2}$ Required % = $\frac{20\% \text{ of } 21}{80\% \text{ of } 15} \times 100\%$ 44.(4) $\frac{30x - 15 - 30x + 60}{2^{12}(2x - 1)} = \frac{1}{2}$ $=\frac{20\times21}{80\times15}\times100=\frac{420}{12}=35\%$ 45\_\_\_\_ Required ratio $=\frac{60\times11}{20\times15}=11:5$ 1 45.(1) $\frac{1}{(x-2)(2x-1)} = \frac{1}{2}$ **Required difference** 46.(3) (x-2)(2x-1) = 90 $=(0.04 \times 1100) - (0.06 \times 900) + (0.01 \times 800) + (0.08 \times 100) + (0$ $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - x - 4x + 2 = 90$ $1200) - (0.06 \times 1000)$ $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 5x - 88 = 0$ =44-54+8+96-60=34 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 16x + 11x - 88 = 0$ 47.(2) Students favouring Prince Saini =143 + 180 + 144 + 252 + 120 =839 ∴ Required percentage

## 🔔 RACE Grand Test – SPP 190327 $=\frac{839}{1200} \times 100 = 70\%$ 57.(2) 58.(1) Girls in mechanical 48. (4) 59. (3) $=\frac{3}{8}\times\frac{16}{100}\times\frac{22}{100}\times5000=66$ 60.(1) $\therefore$ Total number of girls = 66 × 36 = 2376 61.(2) 62.(2) So, required number of boys = 2624 63.(1) 49. (5) Number of students supporting K.L. Bali 64.(4) = 154 + 144 + 176 + 240 + 120 = 834 65.(5) ∴ Required ratio $=\frac{834}{1000}=\frac{417}{500}$ $I.B < L = P \le W < V(TRUE)$ 66.(4) $II.M = K \ge V > W \ge P(TRUE)$ $I.L = P \le W < V \le K \ge Q(FALSE)$ 67.(5) 50. (3) Difference in votes II. $W < V \leq K = M(FALSE)$ = 77 + 90 + 120 + 12 + 20 = 319∴ Required percentage 319 $I.X \ge B = U \ge R(FALSE)$ 68.(3) $=\frac{519}{5000} \times 100 = 6.38\%$ $II.X \ge B = U \ge R(FALSE)$ 69.(2) $I.U \le S < T = 0 > D(FALSE)$ 51. (5) From statements I and III. II. $S < T = 0 \leq P(TRUE)$ $I.Z = 0 > D \ge Y(TRUE)$ II. C > U $\le$ S < T = O(FALSE) Mother's present age = x years 70.(1) Radhika's present age = $\frac{2x}{11}$ years 71 – 75. Person Colour Floor After 4 years, HKOF BA $\frac{2x}{4} + 4 = \frac{1}{4}(x+4) = \frac{x}{4} + 1$ Ρ Probationary Officer Tabla Q Vioin $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{4} - \frac{2x}{11} = 4 - 1 \Rightarrow \frac{11x - 8x}{44} = 3$ $\Rightarrow 3x = 44 \times 3 \Rightarrow x = 44$ Clerk R Professor Sitar S Doctor Guitar $\therefore$ Radhika's present age = $\frac{2}{11} \times 44 = 8$ years ΤI House Wife Trumpet 52. (3) From second statement, U Author Saxophone Side of Square = $\sqrt{841}$ = 29cm. V Teacher Harmonium Height of tank = $3 \times 29 = 87$ cm. W Capacity of tank = $2464 \times 87 = 214368$ cu. cm. Engineer Flute Cost of milk = Rs. (45 × 214368) = Rs. 9646560 71.(2) 53. (5) From statement I, 72. (3) Actual C.P. =Rs. (2450 + 250) = Rs. 2700 73.(1) VK OF75. (5) 76. (4) From statements I and II, Let the marked price be Rs. x $\frac{x \times 95}{100} = 2700 \times \frac{120}{100}$ 76.(4) Both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of independent causes. 77.(2) $\Rightarrow x = \frac{2700 \times 120}{95} = \text{Rs.3410.5}$ Clearly statement (B) is the cause and statement (A) is its effects. 78. (5) Both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of some From statement III, common cause. If the marked price be Rs. x then $\frac{x \times 95}{100} = 3240$ 79.(1) Clearly statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect. $\Rightarrow x = \frac{3240 \times 100}{95} = \text{Rs. } 3410.5$ 80.(1) Clearly statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect. 54. (4) From statements I and III, 81-85. Sushant Abishek Nandita Shalini Part of tank filled by pipe in 1 hour = $\frac{1}{16}$



Nidhi

3

Part of tank filled by (pipe + leak) in 1 hour =  $\frac{1}{24}$ 

: Time taken to empty the tank = 48 hours

Ratio of consumption =  $(18 \times 4)$ :  $(16 \times 6)$   $(14 \times 7)$ 

From all three state, Total rent = Rs. 26600

Part of tank emptied by leak in 1 hour

B's rent =  $\left(\frac{48}{133} \times 26600\right)$  = Rs. 9600

 $= \frac{1}{24} - \frac{1}{16} = \frac{2 - 3}{48} = \frac{-1}{48}$ 

= 36 : 48 : 49

55. (5)

56. (4)

